

IN THE CLAIMS:

1-35. (Canceled)

36. (Currently amended) A method for inserting a plurality of bone blocks in a patient's intervertebral space, comprising:

supporting a first bone block in a first inserter;

advancing the first inserter ~~through a first cannula~~ into the intervertebral space;

rotating the first inserter, thereby positioning the first bone block between adjacent vertebrae;

removing the first inserter;

~~advancing a first push rod through a second cannula to move the first bone block away from the distal end of the first cannula;~~

supporting a second ~~the~~ bone block in a second inserter;

advancing the second inserter ~~through the second inserter~~ into the intervertebral space;

rotating the second inserter, thereby positioning the second bone block between adjacent vertebrae;

removing the second inserter; ~~and,~~

~~advancing a second push rod through the first cannula to move the second bone block in an direction away from a distal end of the second cannula.~~

37-41. (Canceled)

42. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein each of said first and second bone blocks comprise ~~a bone block having~~ opposite vertebral contact surfaces and opposite sides spanning between the opposite vertebral contact surfaces, and wherein the bone block tapers between longitudinally spaced apart ends to create a lordotic angle between adjacent vertebrae in the patient's intervertebral space.

43. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein each of said first and second bone blocks has lateral protrusions which extend longitudinally along the length of the bone block.

44. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein each of said first and second bone blocks has an angled front end.

45. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein each of said first and second inserterS has two arms disposed on opposite sides of the bone block, at least one arm extending substantially the entire length of the bone block.

46. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein each of said first and second inserterS has two arms disposed on opposite sides of the bone block, each arm having a longitudinally extending groove on an inner surface adjacent to the bone block.

47. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein each of said first and second inserterS has two arms disposed on opposite sides of the bone block, each arm having an outer convexly curved camming surface.